

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Revision Date 07-Dec-2024

Revision Number 5

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

| Product Description: | Cyclohexylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Cat No. : | H58852 |
| Molecular Formula | C6 H11 BrZn |

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Recommended Use | Laboratory chemicals. |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Uses advised against | No Information available |

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

| Poison Centre - Emergency | Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) - |
|---------------------------|--|
| information services | 01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week) |
| | Malta : +356 2395 2000 Cyprus : +357 2240 5611 |

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Cyclohexylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

| Component | CAS No | EC No | Weight % | GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|----------|---|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | 203-726-8 | 88.6 | Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) |

Category 4 (H302) Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318) Category 2 (H351) Category 3 (H335) (H336)

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| | | | Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019) |
|------------------------|-----------|------|--|
| Cyclohexylzinc bromide | 7565-57-3 | 11.4 | Flam Sol. 1 (H228) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) |

| Component | Specific concentration limits (SCL's) | M-Factor | Component notes |
|-----------------|--|----------|-----------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5% Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=25% | - | - |

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| General Advice | Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Eye Contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Skin Contact | Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately. |
| Ingestion | Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately. |
| Inhalation | If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately. |
| Self-Protection of the First Aider | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. |
| 4.2. Most important symptoms and | effects, both acute and delayed_ |
| | Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation |
| 4.3. Indication of any immediate me | dical attention and special treatment needed |
| Notes to Physician | Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. |

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Powder. Do not use water or foam. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Hydrogen bromide, Metal oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do

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not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep refrigerated. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

| Component | The United Kingdom | European Union | Ireland |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | STEL: 100 ppm 15 min | TWA: 50 ppm (8h) | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr. |
| | STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min | TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h) | TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr | STEL: 100 ppm (15min) | STEL: 100 ppm 15 min |
| | TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr | STEL: 300 mg/m ³ (15min) | STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min |
| | Skin | Skin | Skin |

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / **Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)** See table for values

| Component | Acute effects local (Dermal) | Acute effects systemic (Dermal) | Chronic effects local (Dermal) | Chronic effects systemic (Dermal) |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (88.6) | | | | DNEL = 12.6mg/kg bw/day |

| Component | Acute effects local (Inhalation) | Acute effects systemic (Inhalation) | Chronic effects local (Inhalation) | Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (88.6) | DNEL = 300mg/m ³ | DNEL = 96mg/m ³ | DNEL = 150mg/m ³ | DNEL = 72.4mg/m ³ |

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

| Component | Fresh water | Fresh water | Water Intermittent Microorganisms in Soil (Agriculture) |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | sediment | sewage treatment |

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| Tetrahydrofuran | PNEC = 4.32mg/L | PNEC = 23.3mg/kg | PNEC = 21.6mg/L | PNEC = 4.6mg/L | PNEC = 2.13mg/kg |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 109-99-9 (88.6) | - | sediment dw | | - | soil dw |

| Component | Marine water | Marine water sediment | Marine water intermittent | Food chain | Air |
|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-----|
| Tetrahydrofuran | PNEC = 0.432mg/L | PNEC = 2.33mg/kg | | PNEC = 67mg/kg | |
| 109-99-9 (88.6) | _ | sediment dw | | food | |

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection

Eve Protection

Protective gloves

| | Glove material Nitrile rubber Viton (R) Butyl rubber Neoprene gloves | Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations | Glove thickness | EU standard EN 374 | Glove comments (minimum requirement) |
|--|--|---|-----------------|-----------------------|---|
|--|--|---|-----------------|-----------------------|---|

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

| Respiratory Protection | When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Large scale/emergency use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387 |
| Small scale/Laboratory use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted |
| Environmental exposure controls | No information available. |

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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| Physical State | Liquid | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Appearance | Yellow - Brown - Black | |
| Odor | No information available | |
| Odor Threshold | No data available | |
| Melting Point/Range | No data available | |
| | No data available | |
| Softening Point Boiling Point/Pongo | No information available | |
| Boiling Point/Range | | Estimated |
| Flammability (liquid) | Highly flammable | |
| Flammability (solid,gas) | Not applicable No data available | Liquid |
| Explosion Limits | No data avaliable | |
| Flash Point | No information available | Method - No information available |
| Autoignition Temperature | No data available | |
| Decomposition Temperature | No data available | |
| pH . | No information available | |
| Viscosity | No data available | |
| Water Solubility | Immiscible | |
| Solubility in other solvents | No information available | |
| Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat | er) | |
| Component | log Pow | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | 0.45 | |
| Vapor Pressure | No data available | |
| Density / Specific Gravity | 0.963 g/cm3 | @ 20 °C |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Vapor Density | No data available | (Air = 1.0) |
| Particle characteristics | Not applicable (liquid) | · · · · · |
| | ··· · · · / | |
| 9.2. Other information | | |
| | | |

C6 H11 BrZn 228.44 Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| 10.1. Reactivity | None known, based on information available |
|---|---|
| 10.2. Chemical stability | Air sensitive. |
| 10.3. Possibility of hazardous react | ions |
| Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions | No information available. None under normal processing. |
| 10.4. Conditions to avoid | Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. |
| 10.5. Incompatible materials | Strong bases. Oxidizing agent. |

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrogen bromide. Metal oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight

Explosive Properties

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Oral

Inhalation

Dermal

Category 4 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 1650 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 180 mg/L (Rat)1 h |
| | | | 53.9 mg/L (Rat)4 h |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

| Respiratory | No data available |
|-------------|-------------------|
| Skin | No data available |

| Component | Test method | Test species | Study result |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Local Lymph Node Assay | mouse | non-sensitising |
| 109-99-9 (88.6) | OECD Test Guideline 429 | | _ |

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

No data available

| Component | Test method | Test species | Study result |
|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | OECD Test Guideline 476 | in vivo | negative |
| 109-99-9 (88.6) | Gene cell mutation | Mammalian | |
| | | | |
| | OECD Test Guideline 473 | | |
| | Chromosomal aberration assay | in vitro | negative |
| | | Mammalian | |

(f) carcinogenicity;

Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

| Component | EU | UK | Germany | IARC |
|-----------------|----|----|---------|----------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | | | | Group 2B |

| (g) reproductive toxicity; | No data available | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Component | Test method | Test species / Duration | Study result | | |
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (88.6) | OECD Test Guideline 416 | Rat 2 Generation | NOAEL = 3,000 ppm | | |
| (h) STOT-single exposure; | Category 3 | | | | |
| Results / Target organs | Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS). | | | | |
| (i) STOT-repeated exposure; | No data available | | | | |
| Target Organs | No information available. | | | | |

| (j) aspiration hazard; | No data available |
|---|--|
| Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed | Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. |

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae |
|-----------------|--|--|------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820 mg/L/48h | EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h | |

| 12.2. Persistence and degradability | Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special |
|--|---|
| | pre-treatment is necessary |
| Persistence | May persist, based on information available. |
| Degradation in sewage treatment plant | Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ntial May have some potential to bioaccumulate

| Component | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 0.45 | No data available |

<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u> Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and floats on water Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB No data available for assessment.

assessment

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

| Component | EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List | EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances |
|-----------------|--|---|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Group III Chemical | |

12.7. Other adverse effects Persistent Organic Pollutant

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| 13.1. Waste treatment methods | |
|--|--|
| Waste from Residues/Unused Products | Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
| Contaminated Packaging | Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. |
| European Waste Catalogue (EWC) | According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. |
| Other Information | Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. |

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

| <u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u> | UN3399 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (Cyclohexylzinc bromide, Tetrahydrofuran) 4.3 3 II |
|---|--|
| ADR | |
| <u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u> | UN3399 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (Cyclohexylzinc bromide, Tetrahydrofuran) 4.3 3 II |
| IATA_ | |
| <u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u> | UN3399 Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable (Cyclohexylzinc bromide, Tetrahydrofuran) 4.3 3 II |
| 14.5. Environmental hazards | No hazards identified |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | No special precautions required. |
| 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk | Not applicable, packaged goods |

according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

| Component | CAS No | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | IECSC | TCSI | KECL | ENCS | ISHL |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----|-------|------|----------|------|------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | 203-726-8 | - | - | Х | Х | KE-33454 | Х | Х |
| Cyclohexylzinc bromide | 7565-57-3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

| Component | CAS No | TSCA | TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive | DSL | NDSL | AICS | NZIoC | PICCS |
|------------------------|-----------|------|---|-----|------|------|-------|-------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | Х | ACTIVE | Х | - | Х | Х | Х |
| Cyclohexylzinc bromide | 7565-57-3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

| Component | CAS No | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances | REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) |
|------------------------|-----------|---|--|---|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | - | Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details) | - |
| Cyclohexylzinc bromide | 7565-57-3 | - | - | - |

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

| Component | CAS No | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements |
|------------------------|-----------|---|--|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| Cyclohexylzinc bromide | 7565-57-3 | Not applicable | Not applicable |

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

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National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

| Component | Germany - Water Classification (AwSV) | Germany - TA-Luft Class |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | WGK1 | |

| Component | France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases) |
|-----------------|--|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84 |

| Component | Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81) | Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC) | Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (88.6) | | Group I | |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- EUH019 May form explosive peroxides
- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H228 Flammable solid
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Legend

| CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service | TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory |
|---|--|
| EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances | |
| WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic | TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative |

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 ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
 ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

 IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
 IMARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

 OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor
 MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

 Key literature references and sources for data
 Mttps://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

 Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS
 RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:Physical hazardsOn basis of test dataHealth HazardsCalculation methodEnvironmental hazardsCalculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

| Prepared By | Health, Safety and Environmental Department |
|------------------|---|
| Revision Date | 07-Dec-2024 |
| Revision Summary | Not applicable. |

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet