

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 12-Feb-2015 Revision Date 28-Jan-2024 Revision Number 3

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: <u>1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane</u>

Cat No. : A14003

Synonyms Triethylenediamine; TED; BACO; Dabco^o4

CAS No 280-57-9
EC No 205-999-9
Molecular Formula C6 H12 N2

REACH registration number -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

ALFAAA14003

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

Flammable solids Category 2 (H228)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 2 (H315)
Category 1 (H318)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H228 - Flammable solid

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H315 - Causes skin irritation

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	280-57-9	EEC No. 205-999-9	>95	Flam Sol. 2 (H228) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Acute Tox. 4 (H302)

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

REACH registration number

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye ContactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the

substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Get medical attention. If not breathing,

give artificial respiration.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. Causes severe eye damage. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Dust can form an explosive mixture with air. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Combustible material.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Ammonia, nitric acid.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid dust formation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 4.1B Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s):

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane				DNEL = 1.4mg/kg
280-57-9 (>95)				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane 280-57-9 (>95)				$DNEL = 8.24 mg/m^3$

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent Microorganisms in		Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octa	PNEC = 0.1mg/L	PNEC = 1.3mg/kg	PNEC = 1mg/L	PNEC = 200mg/L	PNEC = 0.19mg/kg
ne		sediment dw			soil dw
280-57-9 (>95)					

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octa	PNEC = 0.01mg/L	PNEC = 0.13mg/kg			
ne	-	sediment dw			
280-57-9 (>95)					

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Neoprene				
PVC				

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced **Recommended Filter type:** Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Solid

Appearance White

Odor Ammonia-like
Odor Threshold No data available

Melting Point/Range 155 - 160 °C / 311 - 320 °F

Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 174 °C / 345.2 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flammability (liquid) Not applicable Solid

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 62 °C / 143.6 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 350 °C / 662 °F **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

pH 10.8 10g/l aq.solViscosity Not applicable Solid

Water Solubility
46 g/100ml (26°C)
Solubility in other solvents
No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Vapor Pressure 2.9 mmHg @ 50 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 1.140

Bulk Density No data available

Vapor Density Not applicable Solid

Particle characteristics No data available

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C6 H12 N2 Molecular Weight 112.17

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Flammable solids Burning rate or burning time = > 2.2 mm/s or < 45 secs

Wetted zone passed - No

Evaporation Rate Not applicable - Solid

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Hygroscopic.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

No information available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Peroxides. Acids. sodium hypochlorite. copper. Aldehydes.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Ammonia. nitric

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component LD50 Oral		LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	700 mg/kg (Rat)	>2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	>20 mg/L/1h (Rat)		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Respiratory Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not mutagenic in AMES Test

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Not applicable

Solid

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

Other Adverse Effects

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

This product contains the following substance(s) which are hazardous for the environment. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	LC50: 1510 - 1980 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable

Persistence

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane		<13 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1325

14.2. UN proper shipping nameFlammable solid, organic, n.o.s.Technical Shipping Name1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 4.1 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

<u>14.1. UN number</u> UN1325

14.2. UN proper shipping nameFlammable solid, organic, n.o.s.Technical Shipping Name1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 4.1 **14.4. Packing group** II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1325

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. **Technical Shipping Name** Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. 1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 4.1 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	280-57-9	205-999-9	-	-	Х	Χ	KE-09862	Χ	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	notification - Active-Inactive		NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	280-57-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH Not applicable

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octan e	280-57-9	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 49

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H228 - Flammable solid

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical **DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 12-Feb-2015 **Revision Date** 28-Jan-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

TWA - Time Weighted Average

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative