

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 16-Nov-2010 Revision Date 08-Feb-2024 Revision Number 3

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Cat No. : A11766

 Synonyms
 3-Bromopropene

 CAS No
 106-95-6

 EC No
 203-446-6

 Molecular Formula
 C3 H5 Br

REACH registration number

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

**Physical hazards** 

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

**Health hazards** 

ALFAAA11766

#### Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Category 3 (H301) Category 3 (H331) Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318)

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

Category 1B (H340) Category 1B (H350)

**Environmental hazards** 

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Acute oral toxicity

Carcinogenicity

Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1 (H400)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H340 - May cause genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H301 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

#### Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

Stench

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to
				GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

				UK SI 2020/1567
Allyl bromide	106-95-6	EEC No. 203-446-6	>95	Skin Corr. 1B (H314)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H301)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
				Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)
				Flam Liq. 2 (H225)
Propylene oxide	75-56-9	EEC No. 200-879-2	<=0.1	Flam. Liq. 1 (H224)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H311)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				STOT SE 3 (H335)
				Muta. 1B (H340)
				Carc. 1B (H350)
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Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General Advice** Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Inhalation** If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh

air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

## Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water may be ineffective.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen halides.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Allyl bromide			TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hr.
			STEL: 0.2 ppm 15 min
			Skin
Propylene oxide	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min	TWA: 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 7.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 1 ppm (8h)	TWA: 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr		STEL: 3 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr		STEL: 7.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	Carc.		_

## **Biological limit values**

List source(s):

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Propylene oxide 75-56-9 ( <=0.1 )	DNEL = 170mg/m <sup>3</sup>		DNEL = 2.4mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

## **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Propylene oxide 75-56-9 ( <=0.1 )	PNEC = 0.052mg/L	PNEC = 0.245mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 0.52mg/L	PNEC = 10mg/L	PNEC = 0.0186mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Propylene oxide	PNEC =	PNEC =			
75-56-9 ( <=0.1 )	0.0052mg/L	0.0245mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

## 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

## Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Butyl rubber	recommendations			
Nitrile rubber				
Neoprene				
PVC				

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type

E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance No information available

Odor Stench

Odor Threshold

Melting Point/Range
Softening Point

No data available
-119 °C / -182.2 °F
No data available

Boiling Point/Range 70 - 71 °C / 158 - 159.8 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data
Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Flammability (solid,gas)

Explosion Limits

Not applicable
Lower 4.4 Vol%
Upper 7.3 Vol%

Flash Point -1 °C / 30.2 °F Method - No information available

**Autoignition Temperature** 295 °C / 563 °F **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

#### Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

pH No information availableViscosity No data available

Water Solubility Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowAllyl bromide1.79Propylene oxide1

Vapor Pressure 147 mbar @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 1.390

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density4.2(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C3 H5 Br Molecular Weight 120.98

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Light sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions**Hazardous polymerization may occur.
None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to light.

Incompatible products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Metals. Amines.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen halides.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 3

**Dermal** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 3

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Allyl bromide	LD50 = 120 mg/kg (Rat)	-	10 g/m³ 30 min ( Rat )
Propylene oxide	LD50 = 520 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 1244 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	9.48 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 1B

Mutagenic effects have occurred in humans

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 1B

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Propylene oxide	Carc Cat. 1B			Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

**Target Organs** No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects.both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Very toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are

hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Propylene oxide	LC50: = 215 mg/L, 96h static	EC50: = 350 mg/L, 48h	EC50: = 240 mg/L, 96h
	(Lepomis macrochirus)	(Daphnia magna)	(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

	Component	Microtox	M-Factor
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#### Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

Propylene oxide	EC50 = 3300 mg/L 160 min	
1 Topylotic Oxide	2000 = 0000 mg/2 100 mm	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability Expected to be biodegradable

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Allyl bromide	1.79	No data available
Propylene oxide	1	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH

and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN1099

14.2. UN proper shipping name ALLYL BROMIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1

Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

14.4. Packing group

ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN1099

14.2. UN proper shipping name ALLYL BROMIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
14.4. Packing group I

<u>IATA</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN1099

14.2. UN proper shipping name ALLYL BROMIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupI

14.5. Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Allyl bromide	106-95-6	203-446-6	ı	-	Х	X	-	X	X
Propylene oxide	75-56-9	200-879-2	-	-	Х	X	KE-24565	X	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Allyl bromide	106-95-6	Х	ACTIVE	-	Х	Х	Х	Х
Propylene oxide	75-56-9	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

## Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Allyl bromide	106-95-6	-	-	-
Propylene oxide	75-56-9	-	Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 29. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - Carcinogenic (Article 57a) SVHC Candidate list - Mutagenic (Article 57b)

#### Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

	Use restricted. See item	
	75.	
	(see link for restriction	
	details)	

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Allyl bromide	106-95-6	Not applicable	Not applicable
Propylene oxide	75-56-9	5 tonne	50 tonne

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

## WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Allyl bromide	WGK2	
Propylene oxide	WGK3	Krebserzeugende Stoffe - Class III : 1 mg/m³
		(Massenkonzentration)

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

#### Allyl bromide, stabilized with 300-1000ppm Propylene oxide

Revision Date 08-Feb-2024

H340 - May cause genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code **OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

TWA - Time Weighted Average

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

**Training Advice** 

Chemical incident response training.

**Prepared By** Health, Safety and Environmental Department

**Creation Date** 16-Nov-2010 **Revision Date** 08-Feb-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

## This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**