

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 11-Jun-2009 Revision Date 06-Dec-2024 **Revision Number** 13

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Tetrahydrofuran **Product Description:**

T/0706/17, T/0706/21, T/0706/25SS, T/0706/27SS, T/0706/PB17, T/0706/PB15, Cat No.:

T/0706/PB08, T/0706/PB17X, T/0706/21RSS, T/0706/10RSS, T/0706/25RSS,

T/0706/30RSS, T/0706/27RSS

Synonyms THF

Index No 603-025-00-0 **CAS No** 109-99-9 EC No 203-726-8 Molecular Formula C4 H8 O

01-2119444314-46-0079 **REACH** registration number

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. See Annex for full list.

SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites Sector of use

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems **Environmental release category** Uses advised against

SU21 - Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

REACH Annex XVII Restriction - refer to SECTION 15

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Carcinogenicity

Cartegory 2 (H319)

Category 2 (H351)

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5%	-	-
	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25%		
	STOT SE 3 :: C>=25%		

REACH registration number	01-2119444314-46-0079

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. May form explosive peroxides.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Not suitable for concentration or distillation. Check peroxide level periodically and if >250 ppm 'DO NOT USE'.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store under an inert atmosphere. Shelf life 12 months (Unopened) or Shelf life: 3 months after opening. Containers should be

CUITATAG

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

dated when opened. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Class 3

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Tetrahydrofuran	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (>95)				DNEL = 12.6mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (>95)	DNEL = 300mg/m ³	DNEL = 96mg/m ³	DNEL = 150mg/m ³	DNEL = 72.4mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 4.32mg/L	PNEC = 23.3 mg/kg	PNEC = 21.6mg/L	PNEC = 4.6mg/L	PNEC = 2.13mg/kg
109-99-9 (>95)		sediment dw			soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 0.432mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg		PNEC = 67mg/kg	
109-99-9 (>95)		sediment dw		food	

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	< 25 minutes	0.6 mm	Level 1	Permeation rate 106 µg/cm2/min
			EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Neoprene gloves	< 15 minutes	0.45 mm		·

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless

Odor
Odor Petroleum distillates
No data available
Melting Point/Range -108.4 °C / -163.1 °F
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range 66 °C / 150.8 °F

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Liquid

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Explosion Limits Lower 1.5 vol%

Upper 12 vol%

Flash Point -21 °C / -5.8 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 215 °C / 419 °F **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

pH 7-8 20% aq. solution

Viscosity 0.456 mPas @ 20°C Dynamic

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowTetrahydrofuran0.45

Vapor Pressure 170 mbar @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 0.880

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density2.5 (Ether = 1.0)(Air = 1.0)Particle characteristicsNot applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C4 H8 O Molecular Weight 72.11

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air **Evaporation Rate** Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air > 1 (Ether = 1.0) - (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Yes. May form explosive peroxides

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions. Reacts with air to form peroxides. May form

explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Hygroscopic.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous ReactionsHazardous polymerization may occur.
None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). peroxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

DermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
			53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 (>95)	OECD Test Guideline 429		_

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 (>95)	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	_
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 (>95)		2 Generation	

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

delayed

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Causes central nervous system depression.

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l	
	Pimephales promelas	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	
	Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820	-	
	mg/L/48h		

12.2. Persistence and degradability Product is biodegradable

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in

waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical	

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Products

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2056

14.2. UN proper shipping name TETRAHYDROFURAN

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2056

14.2. UN proper shipping name TETRAHYDROFURAN

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number UN2056

14.2. UN proper shipping name TETRAHYDROFURAN

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	-	-	Х	Х	KE-33454	X	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Ir	•	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Component	CAS No	TSCA	notific	nventory ation - Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Χ	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
		Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
			Substances	Substances of Very High
				Concern (SVHC)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	-	Use restricted. See entry	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Tetrahydrofuran	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Tetrahydrofuran	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

R h	erland - Ordinance on the eduction of Risk from andling of hazardous stances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
--------	--	---	--

Tetrahydrofuran Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Tetrahydrofuran	Group I	
109-99-9 (>95)	•	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Legend

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

TWA - Time Weighted Average

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Transport Association

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) **CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit **ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Ships

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

11-Jun-2009 **Creation Date Revision Date** 06-Dec-2024

SDS sections updated, 7, 10. **Revision Summary**

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Tetrahydrofuran - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
109-99-9	01-2119444314-46-xxxx	203-726-8

Exposure Scenarios Overview					
Title	Sector of use	Process category(ies)	Environmental release category	ES Identifier	
Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 15	ERC1 - Manufacture of substances	ES1-M1 THF	
Formulation of preparations and/or re-packaging	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15	ERC2 - Formulation of preparations	ES2-F1 THF	
Laboratory use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	9, 10, 15	ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	ES3-L1 THF	
Laboratory use	SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	, ,	ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems	ES4-L2 THF	

Exposure scenario

ES1 Manufacture of THF - ES1-M1 THF

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent. Loading

(including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution

and associated laboratory activities

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment,

services, craftsmen)

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

ES1-M1 THF Page 14/36

Environmental release category(ies) ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Further information

Under certain circumstances, stabilisers in THF (e.g. Butylated hydroxytoluene) which prevent peroxide formation can be depleted and a risk of explosion may be present to industrial or professional workers. Activities which involve processing, concentration or distillation steps may significantly reduce the amount of stabiliser in THF. In order to control the risk of explosion from elevated peroxide levels which may occur when performing the activities, risk Management Measures will need to be implemented by the Downstream Users of such activities:

Use the minimum amount of product required to complete activity

Do not store distilled THF for long periods

Store in a cool, dark, well ventilated place

Perform periodic testing to determine peroxide levels in stored THF and document

Test peroxide levels in THF always before carrying out distillation or concentration steps Applicable peroxide methods would be:

- 1) Peroxide test strips: e.g. EMQuant® Peroxide test strips (0-100ppm range)
- 2) ASTM E 299-08 Standard Test Method for Trace Amounts of Peroxide in Organic Solvents.

If peroxide level is above 25ppm, not recommended for distillation activities.

If peroxide level is above 100 ppm DO NOT use, consult Health and Safety Manager and contact manufacturer/supplier to discuss disposal. If the Risk Management Measures above are applied then the risk of explosion due to elevated peroxide levels is negligible. Downstream Users should satisfy themselves that they are implementing the Risk Management Measures and take the necessary actions to ensure risk is controlled.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid pH 7-8
Water Solubility Miscible

Vapor Pressure 23 hPa @ 20 °C

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Control of environmental exposure

Inherently biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU 140000 t/a

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

Covers concentrations up to 1009

Exposure duration Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor use

ES1-M1 THF Page 15/36

<=40°C Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for 1-3 handling/application (air changes per hour) Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2 Organisational measures to prevent Use of closed production equipment, with no extraction, except when opening vessels for /limit releases, dispersion and additions/sampling exposure Technical conditions and measures to Undertake operation under enclosed conditions control dispersion from source towards the worker Conditions and measures related to Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Process category(ies) PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor/Outdoor use Outdoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2 Organisational measures to prevent Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Conditions and measures related to Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection personal protection, hygiene and according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes health evaluation Process category(ies) PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 1 hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Minimum room ventilation rate for 1-3 handling/application (air changes per hour) Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2 Organisational measures to prevent Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90% /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Technical conditions and measures to Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation control dispersion from source towards the worker Conditions and measures related to Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Process category(ies) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Minimum room ventilation rate for 1-3 handling/application (air changes per hour) Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2 Organisational measures to prevent Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation /limit releases, dispersion and Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90% exposure

ES1-M1 THF Page 16 / 36

Technical conditions and measures to Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Process category(ies)

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to

< 1 hour(s) Outdoor <=40°C 960 cm2

100%

Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour

exposure Conditions and measures related to Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors

personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Process category(ies)

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

100%

Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20)

Indoor <=40°C 1-3

Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per

Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

960 cm2

Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 95%

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use

Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per

hour)

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h

Indoor use <=40°C 1-3

Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

240 cm2

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environmental release category(ies)

FS1-M1 THE Page 17/36

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	4.32 mg/l	Marine water	0.432 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	23.3 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	2.3 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	21.6 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	2.1 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	4.6 mg/l		
treatment	-		

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
		(systemic)	(local)	(systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				12.6 mg/kg bw/day
Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	96 mg/m ³	150 mg/m ³	72.4 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.03 mg/m ³	(RCR) <0.01
memoca o ospecare	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0.12 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.03 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	0.12 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.034 mg/kg bw/day	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		<0.01
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		<0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	5.258 mg/m ³	0.073
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	21.03 mg/m ³	0.219
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	5.258 mg/m ³	0.035
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	21.03 mg/m ³	0.07
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	0.109
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.181
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.219
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.004 mg/m ³	0.042
(Symmosic or remaination)	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	3.004 mg/m ³	0.02
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.138 mg/kg bw/day	0.011
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.052
	Worker - combined, short-term -		0.626

ES1-M1 THF Page 18/36

	systemic		
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.601 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	12.02 mg/m ³	0.125
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.601 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	12.02 mg/m ³	0.04
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.372 mg/kg bw/day	0.109
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.117
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.125
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated acilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	5.258 mg/m³	0.073
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	94 mg/m³ (Stoffenmanager 5.0)	0.979
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	5.258 mg/m ³	0.035
	Worker - inhalative, short-term -	105.2 mg/m ³	0.351
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.29
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.979
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to ressels/large containers at dedicated acilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.507 mg/m³	0.062
dominos	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	90.13 mg/m ³	0.939
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	4.507 mg/m ³	0.03
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	90.13 mg/m ³	0.3
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.28
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.939
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	15.02 mg/m ³	0.208
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-term -	15.02 mg/m ³	0.1
	local Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	IUGAI		
	Worker - dermal, long-term -	0.34 mg/kg bw/day	0.027
		0.34 mg/kg bw/day	0.027 0.235

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model, Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions

ES1-M1 THF Page 19/36

outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES1-M1 THF Page 20/36

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Tetrahydrofuran - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
109-99-9	01-2119444314-46-xxxx	203-726-8

Exposure scenario

ES2 Formulating/re-packing ES2-F1 THF

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Worker **Type**

Processes, tasks, activities covered Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or

continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling,

maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles

(multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC14 - Production of preparations or articles by tableting, compression, extrusion,

pelettization

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH. the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Further information

Under certain circumstances, stabilisers in THF (e.g. Butylated hydroxytoluene) which prevent peroxide formation can be depleted and a risk of explosion may be present to industrial or professional workers. Activities which involve processing, concentration or distillation steps may significantly reduce the amount of stabiliser in THF. In order to control the risk of explosion from elevated peroxide levels which may occur when performing the activities, risk Management Measures will need to be implemented by the Downstream Users of such activities:

Use the minimum amount of product required to complete activity

Do not store distilled THF for long periods

Store in a cool, dark, well ventilated place

ES2-F1 THF Page 21 / 36 Perform periodic testing to determine peroxide levels in stored THF and document

Test peroxide levels in THF always before carrying out distillation or concentration steps Applicable peroxide methods would be:

- 1) Peroxide test strips: e.g. EMQuant® Peroxide test strips (0-100ppm range)
- 2) ASTM E 299-08 Standard Test Method for Trace Amounts of Peroxide in Organic Solvents.

If peroxide level is above 25ppm, not recommended for distillation activities.

If peroxide level is above 100 ppm DO NOT use, consult Health and Safety Manager and contact manufacturer/supplier to discuss disposal. If the Risk Management Measures above are applied then the risk of explosion due to elevated peroxide levels is negligible. Downstream Users should satisfy themselves that they are implementing the Risk Management Measures and take the necessary actions to ensure risk is controlled.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid pН 7-8 Water Solubility Miscible Vapor Pressure 23 hPa @ 20 °C

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Control of environmental exposure

Inherently biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU 28500 t/a

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Covers frequency up to 5 days per week Use frequency

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor use Assumes process temperature up to 40°C Minimum room ventilation rate for 1-3 handling/application (air changes per

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Organisational measures to prevent Use of closed production equipment, with no extraction, except when opening vessels for

/limit releases, dispersion and additions/sampling exposure

Technical conditions and measures to Undertake operation under enclosed conditions

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

ES2-F1 THF Page 22/36

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

100% Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for

Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor

handling/application (air changes per

40°C 1-3

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent 480 cm2

/limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

Technical conditions and measures to Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

health evaluation

Process category(ies)

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for

40°C 1-3

handling/application (air changes per

Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Organisational measures to prevent

Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

/limit releases, dispersion and exposure

control dispersion from source towards

Technical conditions and measures to Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use

Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per

40°C 1-3

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to

Organisational measures to prevent

Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

/limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Technical conditions and measures to Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Process category(ies)

PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles

(multistage and/or significant contact)

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour

ES2-F1 THF Page 23 / 36

5 . 5	•
Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to	Indoor 40°C
Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	480 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)
Process category(ies)	PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities
Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use	>25% - <50% Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour Outdoor
Assumes process temperature up to	40°C
Covers skin contact area up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	960 cm2 Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20)
Process category(ies)	PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities
Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use	100% Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	960 cm2 Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 95%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
Process category(ies)	PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use	100% Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	<=40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and	480cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
exposure Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation s
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

ES2-F1 THF Page 24/36

PROC14 - Production of preparations or articles by tableting, compression, extrusion, Process category(ies)

pelettization

100%

Indoor

<=40°C

1-3

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use

Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per

Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to

personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

480cm2

Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Process category(ies)

Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to

Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h

Indoor use 40°C 1-3

240 cm2

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent /

minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water Fresh water sediment Water Intermittent Microorganisms in sewac	4.32 mg/l	Marine water	0.432 mg/l
	23.3 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	2.3 mg/kg
	21.6 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	2.1 mg/kg
treatment	e 4.6 mg/i		

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

ES2-F1 THF Page 25 / 36

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				12.6 mg/kg bw/day
Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	96 mg/m ³	150 mg/m ³	72.4 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.03 mg/m ³	<0.01
incilitoda di exposure	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0.12 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.03 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term -	0.12 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.034 mg/kg bw/day	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		<0.01
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		<0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	7.511 mg/m ³	0.104
with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	30.04 mg/m ³	0.313
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	7.511 mg/m ³	0.05
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	30.04 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	0.109
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.213
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.313
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	15.02 mg/m ³	0.208
(Synthesis of formulation)	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	15.02 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.69 mg/kg bw/day	0.055
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.262
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.626
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.004 mg/m ³	0.042
dises	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	12.02 mg/m ³	0.125
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	3.004 mg/m ³	0.02
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	12.02 mg/m ³	0.04
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	6.86 mg/kg bw/day	0.544
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.586
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.125
PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	1.502 mg/m ³	0.021

ES2-F1 THF Page 26/36

and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)			
,	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	30.04 mg/m ³	0.313
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.502 mg/m ³	0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	30.04 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term -		0.238
	systemic Worker - combined, short-term -		0.313
	systemic		
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to ressels/large containers at non dedicated acilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	5.258 mg/m³	0.073
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	94 mg/m³ (Stoffenmanager 5.0)	0.979
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	5.258 mg/m ³	0.035
	Worker - inhalative, short-term -	105.2 mg/m ³	0.351
	local Worker - dermal, long-term -	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	systemic Worker - combined, long-term -		0.29
	systemic Worker - combined, short-term -		0.979
	systemic		
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to ressels/large containers at dedicated acilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.507 mg/m³	0.062
acinites	Worker - inhalative, short-term -	90.13 mg/m ³	0.939
	systemic Worker - inhalative, long-term -	4.507 mg/m ³	0.03
	local Worker - inhalative, short-term -	90.13 mg/m ³	0.3
	local Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term -		0.28
	systemic Worker - combined, short-term -		0.939
	systemic		
PROC9 - Transfer of substance or reparation into small containers (dedicated lling line, including weighing)	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.009 mg/m³	0.083
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	24.04 mg/m ³	0.25
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	6.009 mg/m ³	0.04
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	24.0 mg/m ³	0.08
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	6.86 mg/kg bw/day	0.544
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.627
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.25
PROC14 - Production of preparations or rticles by tableting, compression,	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.507 mg/m ³	0.062
extrusion, pelettization	Worker - inhalative, short-term -	30.04 mg/m ³	0.313
	systemic		
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	4.507 mg/m ³	0.03

ES2-F1 THF Page 27 / 36

	local Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.058 mg/kg bw/day	0.163
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.226
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.313
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	15.02 mg/m ³	0.208
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	15.02 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.34 mg/kg bw/day	0.027
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.235
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.626
	·		

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model, Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES2-F1 THF Page 28 / 36

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Tetrahydrofuran - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
109-99-9	01-2119444314-46-xxxx	203-726-8

Exposure scenario

ES3 Laboratory Use (Industrial)

- ES3-L1 THF

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice

versa.

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Process category(ies) PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of

articles

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for

completeness in the registration dossier.

Further information

Under certain circumstances, stabilisers in THF (e.g. Butylated hydroxytoluene) which prevent peroxide formation can be depleted and a risk of explosion may be present to industrial or professional workers. Activities which involve processing, concentration or distillation steps may significantly reduce the amount of stabiliser in THF. In order to control the risk of explosion from elevated peroxide levels which may occur when performing the activities, risk Management Measures will need to be implemented by the Downstream Users of such activities:

Use the minimum amount of product required to complete activity

Do not store distilled THF for long periods

Store in a cool, dark, well ventilated place

Perform periodic testing to determine peroxide levels in stored THF and document

Test peroxide levels in THF always before carrying out distillation or concentration steps Applicable peroxide methods would be:

- 1) Peroxide test strips: e.g. EMQuant® Peroxide test strips (0-100ppm range)
- 2) ASTM E 299-08 Standard Test Method for Trace Amounts of Peroxide in Organic Solvents.

If peroxide level is above 25ppm, not recommended for distillation activities.

If peroxide level is above 100 ppm DO NOT use, consult Health and Safety Manager and contact manufacturer/supplier to discuss disposal. If the Risk Management Measures above are applied then the risk of explosion due to elevated peroxide levels is negligible. Downstream Users should satisfy themselves that they are implementing the Risk Management Measures and take the necessary actions to ensure risk is controlled.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

ES3-L1 THF Page 29 / 36

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid pH 7-8
Water Solubility Miscible

Vapor Pressure 23 hPa @ 20 °C

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Control of environmental exposure

Inherently biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU 400 t/a

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration < 1 hour(s)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for 5-10

handling/application (air changes per

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to 480cm²

Organisational measures to prevent Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Technical conditions and measures to Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity

training

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

.....

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

Covers concentrations up to
Exposure duration
Indoor/Outdoor use
Assumes process temperature up to
Minimum room ventilation rate for
handling/application (air changes per

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to 480cm2

Organisational measures to prevent Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

ES3-L1 THF Page 30 / 36

Revision Date 14-May-2019

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use

Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

< 1 hour(s) Indoor use <=40°C 1-3

240 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	4.32 mg/l	Marine water	0.432 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	23.3 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	2.3 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	21.6 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	2.1 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	4.6 mg/l		
treatment			ļ

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral		,	, ,	, ,
Dermal				12.6 mg/kg bw/day
Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	96 mg/m ³	150 mg/m ³	72.4 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.605 mg/m ³	`0.05´
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	72.11 mg/m ³	0.751
	Worker - inhalative, long-term -	3.605 mg/m ³	0.024

ES3-L1 THF Page 31/36

	local Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	72.11 mg/m³	0.24
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.274 mg/kg bw/day	0.022
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.072
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.751
ROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	1.502 mg/m ³	0.021
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	30.04 mg/m ³	0.313
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.502 mg/m ³	0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	30.04 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	5.486 mg/kg bw/day	0.435
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.456
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.313
ROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.004 mg/m ³	0.042
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	3.004 mg/m ³	0.02
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.068 mg/kg bw/d	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.047
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.626

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES3-L1 THF Page 32 / 36

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Tetrahydrofuran - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
109-99-9	01-2119444314-46-xxxx	203-726-8

Exposure scenario

ES4 Laboratory Use (Professional) - ES4-L2 THF

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services,

craftsmen)

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice

versa.

Sector(s) of use SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment,

services, craftsmen)

Process category(ies) PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for

completeness in the registration dossier.

Further information

Under certain circumstances, stabilisers in THF (e.g. Butylated hydroxytoluene) which prevent peroxide formation can be depleted and a risk of explosion may be present to industrial or professional workers. Activities which involve processing, concentration or distillation steps may significantly reduce the amount of stabiliser in THF. In order to control the risk of explosion from elevated peroxide levels which may occur when performing the activities, risk Management Measures will need to be implemented by the Downstream Users of such activities:

Use the minimum amount of product required to complete activity

Do not store distilled THF for long periods

Store in a cool, dark, well ventilated place

Perform periodic testing to determine peroxide levels in stored THF and document

Test peroxide levels in THF always before carrying out distillation or concentration steps Applicable peroxide methods would be:

- 1) Peroxide test strips: e.g. EMQuant® Peroxide test strips (0-100ppm range)
- 2) ASTM E 299-08 Standard Test Method for Trace Amounts of Peroxide in Organic Solvents.

If peroxide level is above 25ppm, not recommended for distillation activities.

If peroxide level is above 100 ppm DO NOT use, consult Health and Safety Manager and contact manufacturer/supplier to discuss disposal. If the Risk Management Measures above are applied then the risk of explosion due to elevated peroxide levels is negligible. Downstream Users should satisfy themselves that they are implementing the Risk Management Measures and take the necessary actions to ensure risk is controlled.

ES4-L2 THF Page 33 / 36

Revision Date 14-May-2019

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid
pH 7-8
Water Solubility Miscible

Vapor Pressure 23 hPa @ 20 °C

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Control of environmental exposure

Inherently biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU 350 t/a

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use

Assumes process temperature up to

Minimum room ventilation rate for
handling/application (air changes per

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to 480cm2

Organisational measures to prevent Local

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to W personal protection, hygiene and tra

health evaluation

Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 80%

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration < 1 hour(s)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to 440°C
Minimum room ventilation rate for 3-5

hour)

Covers skin contact area up to 960cm2

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

handling/application (air changes per

Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 80%

ES4-L2 THF Page 34/36

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent 100%

Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for

< 1 hour(s) Indoor use <=40°C

handling/application (air changes per hour)

3-5

Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

240 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 80%

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	4.32 mg/l	Marine water	0.432 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	23.3 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	2.3 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	21.6 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	2.1 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	4.6 mg/l		
treatment			

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Bonvou No Encot Ecver (BNEE)	Occ table for values			
Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
		(systemic)	(local)	(systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				12.6 mg/kg bw/day
Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	96 mg/m ³	150 mg/m ³	72.4 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	2.103 mg/m ³	0.029
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	42.06 mg/m ³	0.438
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	2.103 mg/m ³	0.014

ES4-L2 THF Page 35/36

	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	42.06 mg/m ³	0.14
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.372 mg/kg/bw/day	0.109
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.138
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.438
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.206 mg/m ³	0.058
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	84.12 mg/m ³	0.876
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	4.206 mg/m ³	0.028
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	84.12 mg/m ³	0.28
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.097 mg/kg bw/day	0.087
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.145
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.876
ROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.206 mg/m ³	0.058
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	84.12 mg/m ³	0.876
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	4.206 mg/m ³	0.028
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	84.12 mg/m ³	0.28
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.014 mg/kg bw/day	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.059
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.876

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES4-L2 THF Page 36 / 36