

Creation Date 02-Aug-2010

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Revision Number 8

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Lithium phenoxide, 0.6M solution in THF
Cat No. : 388610000; 388611000

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name
Fisher Scientific UK
Bishop Meadow Road,
Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Janssen Pharmaceuticaaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Category 4 (H302)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1 B (H314)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318)

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Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 2 (H351)
Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates
This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

| Component | CAS No | EC No | Weight % | CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 |
|-------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|---|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | 203-726-8 | 93-94 | Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019) |
| Lithium phenoxide | 555-24-8 | EEC No. 209-086-6 | 6-7 | Skin Corr. 1B (H314) |

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| | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|-------------------|
| | | | | Eye Dam. 1 (H318) |
|--|--|--|--|-------------------|

| Component | Specific concentration limits (SCL's) | M-Factor | Component notes |
|-----------------|--|----------|-----------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5% Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=25% | - | - |

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| | |
|---|--|
| General Advice | Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Eye Contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Skin Contact | Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately. |
| Ingestion | Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately. |
| Inhalation | If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately. |
| Self-Protection of the First Aider | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Notes to Physician | Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. |
|---------------------------|---|

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep under nitrogen. Shelf life 12 months. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510
Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

| Component | The United Kingdom | European Union | Ireland |
|-----------------|---|---|---|
| Tetrahydrofuran | STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr Skin | TWA: 50 ppm (8h) TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h) STEL: 100 ppm (15min) STEL: 300 mg/m ³ (15min) Skin | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min Skin |

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

| Component | Acute effects local (Dermal) | Acute effects systemic (Dermal) | Chronic effects local (Dermal) | Chronic effects systemic (Dermal) |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (93-94) | | | | DNEL = 12.6mg/kg bw/day |

| Component | Acute effects local (Inhalation) | Acute effects systemic (Inhalation) | Chronic effects local (Inhalation) | Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (93-94) | DNEL = 300mg/m ³ | DNEL = 96mg/m ³ | DNEL = 150mg/m ³ | DNEL = 72.4mg/m ³ |

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

| Component | Fresh water | Fresh water sediment | Water Intermittent | Microorganisms in sewage treatment | Soil (Agriculture) |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (93-94) | PNEC = 4.32mg/L | PNEC = 23.3mg/kg sediment dw | PNEC = 21.6mg/L | PNEC = 4.6mg/L | PNEC = 2.13mg/kg soil dw |

| Component | Marine water | Marine water sediment | Marine water intermittent | Food chain | Air |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (93-94) | PNEC = 0.432mg/L | PNEC = 2.33mg/kg sediment dw | | PNEC = 67mg/kg food | |

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

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Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection

Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection

Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Butyl rubber | See manufacturers recommendations | - | EN 374 | (minimum requirement) |
| Neoprene gloves | | | | |

Skin and body protection

Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State

Liquid

Appearance

Odor

No information available

Odor Threshold

No data available

Melting Point/Range

No data available

Softening Point

No data available

Boiling Point/Range

67 °C / 152.6 °F

@ 760 mmHg

Flammability (liquid)

Highly flammable

On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas)

Not applicable

Liquid

Explosion Limits

No data available

Flash Point

-19 °C / -2.2 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

No data available

Decomposition Temperature

No data available

pH

No information available

Viscosity

No data available

Water Solubility

Miscible

Solubility in other solvents

No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component

log Pow

Tetrahydrofuran

0.45

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| | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Vapor Pressure | No data available | |
| Density / Specific Gravity | 0.918 | |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Vapor Density | No data available | (Air = 1.0) |
| Particle characteristics | Not applicable (liquid) | |

9.2. Other information

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability May form explosive peroxides.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Water.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;
Oral Category 4
Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 1650 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h 53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;
Respiratory No data available
Skin No data available

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| Component | Test method | Test species | Study result |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------|-----------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (93-94) | Local Lymph Node Assay OECD Test Guideline 429 | mouse | non-sensitising |

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

| Component | Test method | Test species | Study result |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (93-94) | OECD Test Guideline 476 Gene cell mutation | in vivo Mammalian | negative |
| | OECD Test Guideline 473 Chromosomal aberration assay | in vitro Mammalian | negative |

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2
Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

| Component | EU | UK | Germany | IARC |
|-----------------|----|----|---------|----------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | | | | Group 2B |

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

| Component | Test method | Test species / Duration | Study result |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (93-94) | OECD Test Guideline 416 | Rat 2 Generation | NOAEL = 3,000 ppm |

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3
Results / Target organs Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available
Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects No information available. Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available.

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae |
|-----------------|--|--|------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820 | EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h | |

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| | | | |
|--|----------|--|--|
| | mg/L/48h | | |
|--|----------|--|--|

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| | |
|--|--|
| Persistence | Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. |
| Degradability | Decomposes in contact with water. |
| Degradation in sewage treatment plant | Decomposes in contact with water. |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

| Component | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 0.45 | No data available |

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

| Component | EU - Endocrine Disruptors Candidate List | EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Group III Chemical | |

12.7. Other adverse effects

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Persistent Organic Pollutant | This product does not contain any known or suspected substance |
| Ozone Depletion Potential | This product does not contain any known or suspected substance |

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

| | |
|--|--|
| Waste from Residues/Unused Products | Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
| Contaminated Packaging | Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. |
| European Waste Catalogue (EWC) | According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. |
| Other Information | Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. |

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

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| | |
|---|---|
| 14.1. UN number | UN2924 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. |
| Technical Shipping Name | Lithium phenoxide, 0.6M solution in THF |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| Subsidiary Hazard Class | 8 |
| 14.4. Packing group | II |

ADR

| | |
|---|---|
| 14.1. UN number | UN2924 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. |
| Technical Shipping Name | Lithium phenoxide, 0.6M solution in THF |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| Subsidiary Hazard Class | 8 |
| 14.4. Packing group | II |

IATA

| | |
|---|---|
| 14.1. UN number | UN2924 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. |
| Technical Shipping Name | Lithium phenoxide, 0.6M solution in THF |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| Subsidiary Hazard Class | 8 |
| 14.4. Packing group | II |

| | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 14.5. Environmental hazards | No hazards identified |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | No special precautions required. |
| 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | Not applicable, packaged goods |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

| Component | CAS No | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | IECSC | TCSI | KECL | ENCS | ISHL |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|--------|-----|-------|------|----------|------|------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | 203-726-8 | - | - | X | X | KE-33454 | X | X |
| Lithium phenoxide | 555-24-8 | 209-086-6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |

| Component | CAS No | TSCA | TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive | DSL | NDSL | AICS | NZIoC | PICCS |
|-------------------|----------|------|---|-----|------|------|-------|-------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | X | ACTIVE | X | - | X | X | X |
| Lithium phenoxide | 555-24-8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (<http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do>)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

| Component | CAS No | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances | REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) |
|-----------------|----------|---|---|---|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | - | Use restricted. See item 75. | - |

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| | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| | | | (see link for restriction details) | |
| Lithium phenoxide | 555-24-8 | - | - | - |

REACH links

<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

| Component | CAS No | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements |
|-------------------|----------|---|--|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| Lithium phenoxide | 555-24-8 | Not applicable | Not applicable |

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

| Component | Germany - Water Classification (AwSV) | Germany - TA-Luft Class |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | WGK1 | |

| Component | France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases) |
|-----------------|--|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84 |

| Component | Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81) | Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC) | Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (93-94) | | Group I | |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

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H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadviser - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data

Health Hazards Calculation method

Environmental hazards Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date 02-Aug-2010

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Revision Summary Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lithium phenoxide, 0.6M solution in THF

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

End of Safety Data Sheet